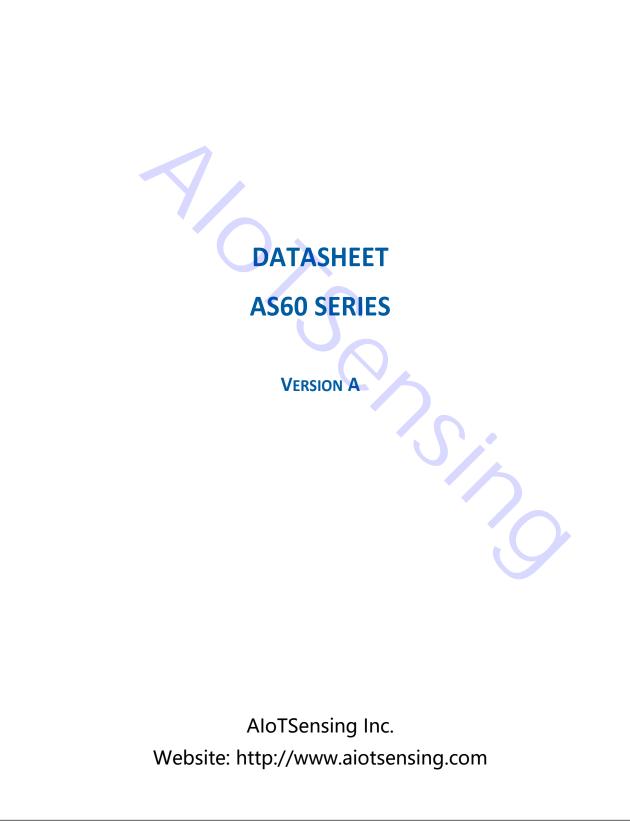


1 / 20 Rev01 Oct/09/2022





2 / 20 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

# **History of Revision**

Datasheet Rev.	Date	Note
01	Oct/09/2022	Released



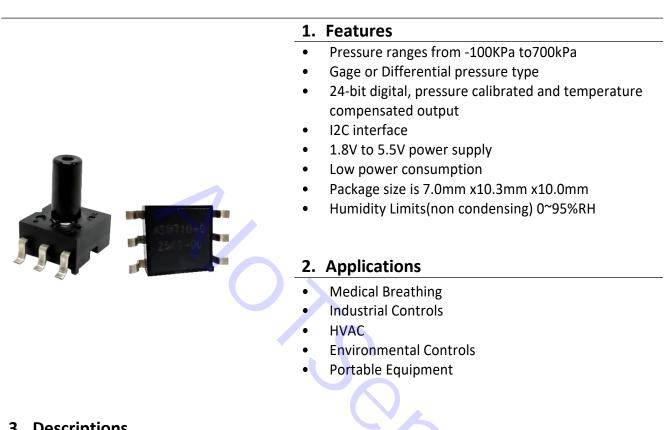
3 / 20 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

# CONTENTS

1.Features4
2.Applications4
3.Descriptions4
4. Standard Pressure Ranges5
5. Performance Characteristics5
6. Block Diagram
7.1 Electrical Specifications
7.2 Absolute Maximum Rating
8. Function Descriptions
8.1 General Description7
8.2 Factory Calibration7
8.3 Sensor Output Conversion7
9. Registers
9.1. Normal Registers
9.2 OTP Registers
10. High-Speed I <sup>2</sup> C Digital Output Interface9
10.1 I <sup>2</sup> C Specification
10.2 I <sup>2</sup> C Device Address
10.3 I <sup>2</sup> C Protocol
11. Application Circuit
12. Package Outline
13.Packing Options
14. How to Order15
15. Soldering Recommendation16
16. Sensor Reading17
17. Legal Disclaimer



4 / 20 Rev01 Oct/09/2022



### 3. Descriptions

The AS60 series are high precision MEMS sensor family offers state-of-the-art pressure transducer technology to produce a digital output, fully conditioned, multi-order pressure and temperature compensated outputs. This series provides JEDEC standard Package is surface mount with a plastic cap and is RoHS compliant.

Combining the pressure sensor with a signal-conditioning ASIC in a single package simplifies the use of advanced silicon micro-machined pressure sensors. The pressure sensor can be mounted directly on a standard printed circuit board, calibrated pressure signal can be acquired from the digital interface. This eliminates the need for additional circuitry, such as a compensation network or microcontroller containing a custom correction algorithm.



### 4. Standard Pressure Ranges

Differential Pressure Type Products										
Device Operating Range Proof Pressure Burst Pressur										
AS60-010KD	-10~10k Pa	50Кра	100Кра							
AS60-015KD	-15~15k Pa	50Kpa	100Kpa							
AS60-035KD	-35~35 kPa	70 kPa	105kPa							
AS60-040KD	-40~40 kPa	80 kPa	120kPa							
AS60-100KD	-100~100kPa	200 kPa	300kPa							

# **Gage Pressure Type Products**

<b>Operating Range</b>	Proof Pressure	Burst Pressure
0~10k Pa	50Кра	100Kpa
0~15k Pa	50Кра	100Kpa
0~35 kPa	70 kPa	105kPa
0~40 kPa	80 kPa	120kPa
0~100kPa	200 kPa	300kPa
0~200kPa	400 kPa	600kPa
0~350kPa	700 kPa	1100kPa
0~700kPa	1400 kPa	2100kPa
e Characteristics	S.	
	0~10k Pa 0~15k Pa 0~35 kPa 0~40 kPa 0~100kPa 0~200kPa 0~350kPa 0~700kPa	O~10k Pa         50Kpa           O~15k Pa         50Kpa           O~35 kPa         70 kPa           O~40 kPa         80 kPa           O~100kPa         200 kPa           O~200kPa         400 kPa           O~350kPa         700 kPa           O~350kPa         700 kPa           O~700kPa         1400 kPa

# 5. Performance Characteristics

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Specification Notes
Accuracy	-1		1	%FSS	
Response time@ OSR=1024		3.0		ms	
Long term stability		±0.1		%FSS/yr	
Compensation Temperature	S: -20	C to 50 0℃ to 6 stomer	<b>60</b> ℃	nization	

#### Note:

- 1. Accuracy and temperature compensation range could be customized;
- 2. Anti static protection during welding;
- 3. Overload voltage (6.5Vdc) or current (5mA) may burn the circuit chip;
- 4. Please add 0.1uf capacitance between VDD and GND.



6 / 20 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

# 6. Block Diagram

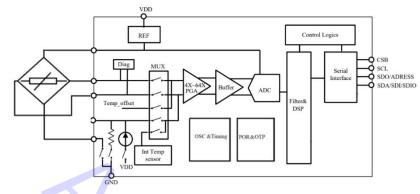


Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram

# 7. Electrical Specifications

### 7.1 Electrical Characteristics

Table7.1: DC Characteristics @VDD=3.3V, T=25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
<b>Operation Supply Voltage</b>	V <sub>DD</sub>			3.3		V
Operation Temperature	ТОР		-40		85	°C
Supply Current @25°C on during conversion	I <sub>BDD</sub> _pga on	PGA on (Gain>=4)		1.8	2.5	mA
Conversion time	Tc	OSR 32768 16384 8192 4096 2048 1024 512 256	S	43.0 35.0 12.0 7.0 4.0 3.0 2.0 2.0		ms
Supply current (1 sample per sec.)	ldd	OSR 32768 16384 8192 4096 2048 1024 512 256		77.4 63.0 21.6 12.6 7.2 5.4 3.6 3.6	107.5 87.5 30 17.5 10 7.5 5.0 5.0	uA
Power up reset time	PURT		15	30		ms
Standby Supply Current	IDDSTB	At25℃		0.1	0.2	μA
Serial Data Clock Frequency	fsclk	I <sup>2</sup> C protocol SPI protocol		100	400 10	kHz MHz
Digital Input High Voltage	VIH	· ·	0.8			V
Digital Input Low Voltage	VIL				0.2	V
Digital Output High Voltage	VOH	IO=0.5mA	0.9			V
Digital Output Low Voltage	VOL	IO=0.5mA			0.1	V
Input Capacitance	CIN			4.7		pF



7 /20 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

### 7.2 Absolute Maximum Rating

Table 7.2: Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD		-0.3		5.5	V
Interface Voltage	VIF		-0.3		VDD+0.3	V
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG		-40		125	°C
ESD Rating		Human body model	-2		+2	kV
Latch-up Current		At 85℃	-100		100	mA

Stresses above those listed as "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device under these conditions is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 8. Function Descriptions

#### 8.1 General Description

The AS60 series consists of a piezo-resistive sensor and a sensor interface  $I^2$  C. The main function of the  $I^2$  C is to convert the uncompensated analogue output voltage from the piezo-resistive pressure sensor to a 24-bit digital value, as well as providing a 16-bit digital value for the temperature of the sensor, and compensates them by a patented algorithm. The fully-compensated values can be read out by external MCU.

#### 8.2 Factory Calibration

Every sensor is individually factory calibrated for sensitivity and offset for both of the temperature and pressure measurements; further calibrations are not necessary to be done by the user. The OTP registers are used to store the configurations and calibration coefficients for the sensor.

#### 8.3 Sensor Output Conversion

For each pressure measurement, customer used to send a conversion command to the sensor, read back the conversion data from the normal register to be stored from 0x06 to 0x0a, the pressure data is stored from 0x06 to 0x08, the highest bit is sign bit, the temperature data is stored from 0x09 to 0x0a, the highest bit is sign bit. All the data are sent starting from the MSB.

#### 8.4 Serial Interface

The AS60 provides I<sup>2</sup> C interface for serial communication.



### 9. Register

All the registers can be departed into normal registers and OTP registers. The normal registers are used to send a conversion command to the Sensor, read back the conversion data and perform the OTP blowing. The OTP registers are used to store the configurations and calibration coefficients for the Sensor, whose default values can be programmed by the inside OTP banks.

#### 9.1. Normal Register

#### Table8.1 normal registers

Addr	Description	R/W	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	BitO	Default
0x00		RW			Soft reset			Soft			0x00
								reset			
0x01	Part_ID	R	PartID								0x00
0x02	Status	R	Error_cod	e					1'b0	DRDY	
0x06	DATA_MSB	R	Data out[2	Data out[23:16]							
0x07	DATA_CSB	R	Data out[	15:8]							0x00
0x08	DATA_LSB	R	Data out[	7:0]							0x00
0x09	TEMP_MSB	R	Temp out	[15:8]							0x00
0x0A	TEMP_LSB	R	Temp out	[7:0]							0x00
0x30	CMD	RW	Sleep_tim	e[3:0]			Sco	Measur	ement_ctrl]	2:0]	0x00

#### Reg0x00

Soft\_reset: 1: Reset all the registers (except 'margin'), automatically come back to 0 after reset complete.

#### Reg0x01

PartID: OTP programmed 8 bits Part ID, corresponding to OTP register Reg0xA4. Read only from the address 0x01.

#### Reg0x02

DRDY: 1, indicates once conversion complete, and the output data is ready for reading.

Error\_code: When diagnostic function enabled, These bits stores the error information.

Error\_code[3]: VINP short to VDD

Error\_code[2]: VINP short to GND

Error\_code[1]: VINN short to VDD

Error\_code[0]: VINN short to GND

#### Reg0x06-Reg0x08

Data\_out: 24 bits ADC output data when 'raw\_data\_on' = 0 with an LSB equals to (1/2^23)\*(VEXT-

PSW). 24 bits calibrated data when 'raw\_data\_on' = 1.

#### Reg0x09-Reg0x0a

Temp\_out: Temperature output with an LSB equals to (1/256) °C

#### Reg0x30

Sleep\_time[3:0]: 0000:0ms, 0001:62.5ms, 0010:125ms ... 1111: 1s, only active during sleep mode conversion.

Measurement\_control: 000b, indicate a single shot temperature signal conversion. 001b, indicate a single shot sensor signal conversion. 010b: indicate a combined conversion (once temperature conversion immediately followed by once sensor signal conversion). 011b: indicate a sleep mode conversion (periodically perform once combined conversion with an interval time of 'sleep\_time'), 100b: OTP programming mode, enter this mode to when programming OTP banks.

Sco: 1, Start of conversion, automatically come back to 0 after conversion ends (except sleep mode conversion).



9 / 20 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

### 9.2 OTP Registers

Table8	.2 OTP registe	ers										
Addr	Description	R/W	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Default	
0xa4	Part_ID	RW									OTP	
0xa5	Sys_config	RW	System	System function, Prohibit modification DIAG_on								
0xa6	P_config	RW	System	System function, Prohibit modification OSR_P[2:0]							OTP	
0xa7	T_config	RW	System	System function, Prohibit modification OSR_T[2:0]							OTP	

#### Reg0xA4

PartID: OTP programmed 8 bits Part ID, also can be read from address 0x01.

Reg0xA5

Diag\_on: 1, Enable diagnosis function.

Reg0xA6

OSR\_P: set the over sampling ratio of the sensor signal conversion channel. 000:1024X, 001:2048X, 010:4096X, 011:8192X, 100:256X, 101:512X, 110:16384X, 111:32768X.

Reg0xA7

OSR\_T: set the over sampling ratio of the temperature conversion channel. 000:1024X, 001:2048X, 010:4096X, 011:8192X, 100:256X, 101:512X, 110:16384X, 111:32768X.

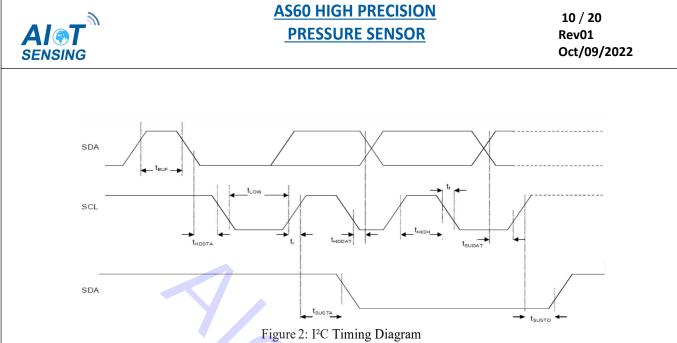
### **10. High-Speed I<sup>2</sup>C Digital Output Interface**

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface is fully compatible to the official I<sup>2</sup>C protocol specification.

#### 10.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Specification

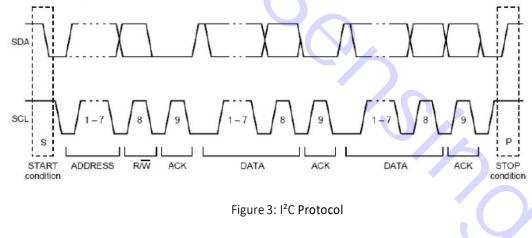
Table9.1: I<sup>2</sup>C Slave Timing Values

				l <sup>2</sup> C		
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Clock frequency	f <sub>BsclB</sub>				400	kHz
SCL low pulse	t <sub>BLOWB</sub>		1.3			μs
SCL high pulse	t <sub>вніднв</sub>		0.6			μs
SDA setup time	t <sub>bsudatb</sub>		0.1			μs
SDA hold time	t <sub>BHDDATB</sub>		0.0			μs
Setup Time for a repeated start condition	t <sub>bsustab</sub>		0.6			μs
Hold time for a start condition	t <sub>BHDSTAB</sub>		0.6			μs
Setup Time for a stop condition	t <sub>BSUSTOB</sub>		0.6			μs
Time before a new transmission can start	t <sub>BBUFB</sub>		1.3			μs



The I<sup>2</sup>C interface protocol has special bus signal conditions. Start (S), stop (P) and binary data conditions are shown below. At start condition, SCL is high and SDA has a falling edge. Then the slave address is sent. After the 7 address bits, the direction control bit R/W selects the read or write operation. When a slave device recognizes that it is being addressed, it should acknowledge by pulling SDA low in the ninth SCL (ACK) cycle.

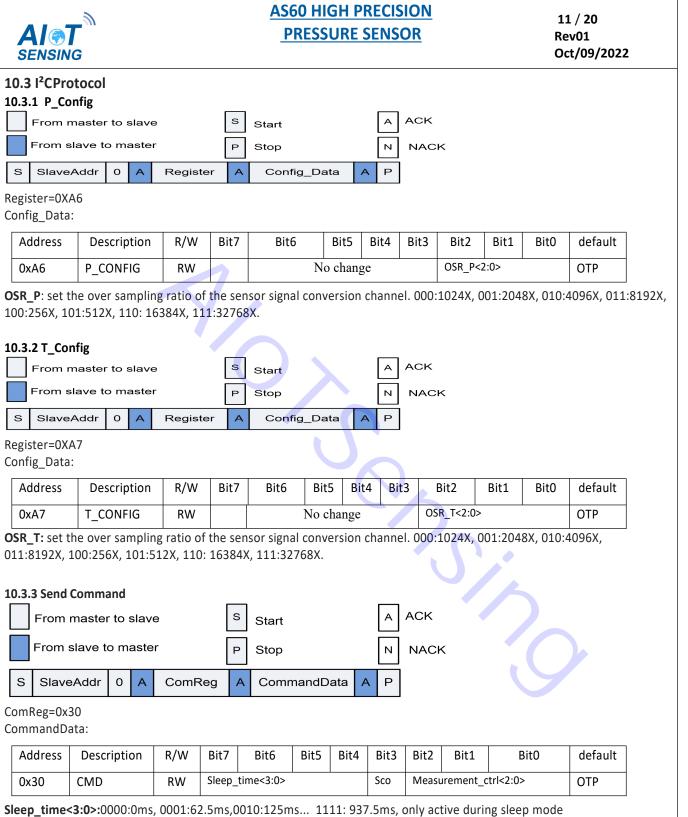
At stop condition, SCL is also high, but SDA has a rising edge. Data must be held stable at SDA when SCL is high. Data can change value at SDA only when SCL is low.



### 10.2 I<sup>2</sup>C Device Address

The I<sup>2</sup>C device address is shown below. The LSB of the device address is corresponding to address 0XDA (write) and 0XDB (read).

A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	W/R
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0/1



conversion.

**Measurement\_control<1:0>:** 010b: indicate a combined conversion (once temperature conversion immediately followed by once sensor signal conversion).

Sco: 1, Start of conversion, automatically come back to 0 after conversion ends (except sleep mode conversion).

						AS60 HIGH PRECISION PRESSURE SENSOR					
10.3.4 Read Status		_					_				
From master to slav	S Start				A ACK						
From slave to maste	lave to master			P Stop				ACK		StatusReg=0x02 Status:	
S SlaveAddr 0 A	Statu	sReg	A S	Sla	aveAddr	1	A	Status	AP		
Address Description	R/W	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0		
0x02 Status	Status R					1'b0		RDY			
<ul> <li>DRDY: 1, indicates once conversion complete, and the output data is ready for reading.</li> <li>10.3.5 Read the Pressure &amp; Temperature</li> </ul>											
From master to slave	s s	tart		AA	.CK						
From slave to master	P S	top			IACK						
S SlaveAddr 0 A ComRe	eg A	Read_T&	&P A	Р							
Delay x ms waiting for conversion complete											
S SlaveAddr 0 A StatusReg A S SlaveAddr 1 A Status A P											
S SlaveAddr 0 A PressReg 0.06 A S SlaveAddr 1 A PressData 23:16 A PressData 15:8 A PressDat											
Send Read commond   Read Status  Judgement Status  Read Pressure & Temperature Data											

**10.3.6 Calculate Pressure and Temperature** 

Pressure ADC bits are 24 bits 2's complement. Data format: the highest bit is the sign bit (0 is a positive number, 1 is a negative number), 23 data bits. In the 23-bit data bits, there are high N integer bits, and the low n bits are decimal bit, read the ADC number and convert it to Pa. The formula is:Pressure = Read\_ADC value/2^n, the value of n as below:

range	250Pa	500Pa	1kPa	2kPa	3~4kPa	5~8kPa	9~16kPa	17~32kPa
n	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
range	33~65kPa	66~100kPa	2Bar	3~5Bar	6~10Bar	11~20Bar	21~40Bar	45~86Bar
n	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Temperature ADC bits are 16 bits 2's complement.Data format: the highest bit is the sign bit (0 is a positive number, 1 is a negative number),15 data bits. The high 7 bits are integer bits, the low 8 bits are decimal bits, equals to (1/256) °C.

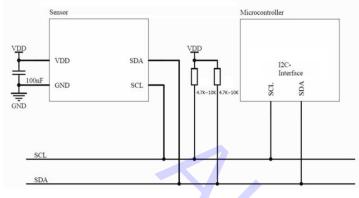
$$Pressure(Pa) = \left(\frac{\text{Read}_PADC[23:0]}{2^n}\right)$$
$$Temperature(^{\circ}C) = \left(\frac{\text{Read}_TADC[15:0]}{256}\right)$$



13 / 18 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

# 11. Application Circuit

# 11.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Interface



# 11.2 Pin Configuration and Description

Pin	Name	Туре	Function
1	GND	G	Power Ground
2	VDD	Р	Positive supply voltage
3	NC	NC	Not Connect
4	SDA	I/O	Serial data input/output in I2C mode (SDA)
5	SCL	I	Serial data clock
6	GND	G	Power Ground

NOTE:

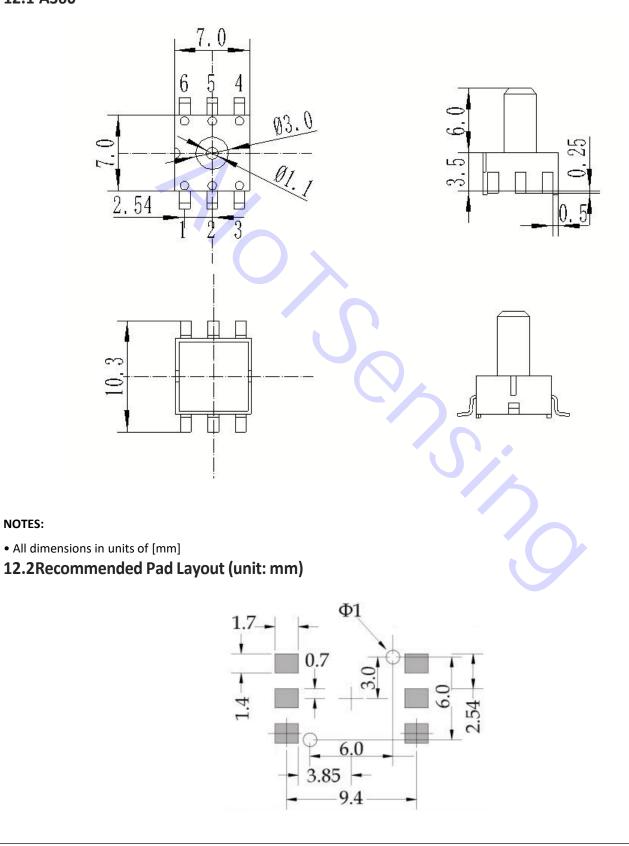
• Do not connect to NC pins.

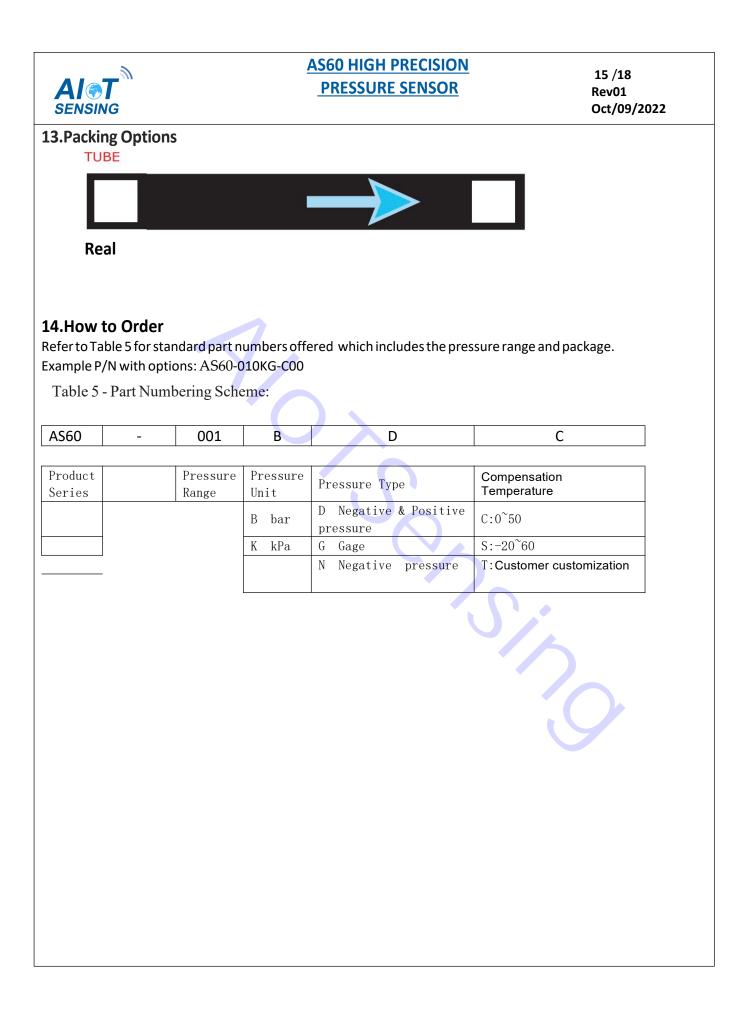


14 / 18 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

12. Package Outline (SOIC16 mm)

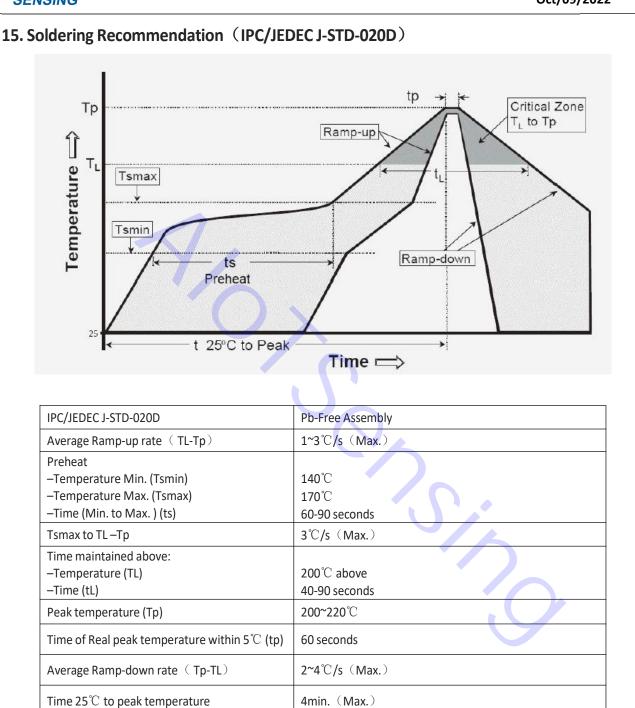
12.1 AS60







16 / 18 Rev01 Oct/09/2022



Note:

1) It is recommended that only one time reflow soldering, no more than two times.

2) After reflow soldering or other high temperature processes, wait for at least 48 hours (or as required by the data sheet) before data reading and processing.

3) Spot cleaning by hand if necessary, DO NOT wash or submerge sensor in cleaning liquid.

4) It is recommended to use the medium temperature solder paste.

5) If partial lots are used, the remaining sensors must be resealed or placed in safe storage within 1 hour of bag opening. If 1 hour is exceeded, the taped parts should be removed from the reel and baked at 60'C for 2 hours.



17/ 18 Rev01 Oct/09/2022

#### **16.Sensor Reading**

void Read\_AIOT\_Sensor(void)

{

u32 PressData; u32 TempData; u8 Status = 0x00; u8 Read\_Data[7] = {0x00}; IIC\_Init(); delay\_ms(50); IIC Start(); IIC Send Byte(0xda);//0xda//0xd8 IIC Wait Ack(); IIC Send Byte(0x30); IIC\_Wait\_Ack(); IIC\_Send\_Byte(0x0A);//PT\_Read IIC Wait Ack(); delay\_ms(100); IIC\_Stop();// IIC\_Start(); IIC\_Send\_Byte(0xda); IIC\_Wait\_Ack(); IIC Send Byte(0x02); IIC Wait Ack(); IIC\_Start(); IIC\_Send\_Byte(0xdb);//0xdb//0xd9 IIC\_Wait\_Ack(); Read\_Data[0]=IIC\_Read\_Byte(1); IIC Wait Ack(); IIC Stop(); Status = Read\_Data[0]; if(Status & 0x01) { IIC Start(); IIC Send Byte(0xda); IIC\_Wait\_Ack(); IIC\_Send\_Byte(0x06); IIC\_Wait\_Ack(); IIC\_Start(); IIC\_Send\_Byte(0xdb); IIC Wait Ack(); Read\_Data[1] = IIC\_Read\_Byte(1);//PRESSURE[23:16] Read\_Data[2] = IIC\_Read\_Byte(1);//PRESSURE[15:8] Read Data[3] = IIC Read Byte(1);//PRESSURE[7:0] Read\_Data[4] = IIC\_Read\_Byte(1);//TEMPERATURE15:8] Read Data[5] = IIC Read Byte(1);//TEMPERATURE[7:0] IIC Stop(); PressData = (Read\_Data[1]<<16) | (Read\_Data[2]<<8) | Read\_Data[3]; TempData = (Read\_Data[4]<<8)|Read\_Data[5];</pre> }

#### }



### **17.Legal Disclaimer**

1)For the export of products which are controlled items subject to foreign and domestic export laws and regulations, you must obtain approval and/or follow the formalities of such laws and regulations.

2)Products must not be used for military and/or antisocial purposes such as terrorism, and shall not be supplied to any party intending to use the products for such purposes.

3)Unless provided otherwise, the products have been designed and manufactured for application to equipment and devices which are sold to end-users in the market.

4)Before using products, which were not specifically designed for use in automotive applications, please contact an AIOT sales representative.

5)This specification is subject to change without notice.

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### Appendix

#### **1.Environment requirement**

1) Please avoid places where there are corrosive gases (organic solvent gas, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, etc.) that have adverse effects on the product It shall be used in and kept.

2) This product is not drip proof, so please do not use it in places where it may be splashed with water.

3) Do not use in the environment that produces condensation. In addition, when the moisture attached to the sensor chip freezes, the sensor output may change move or destroy.

4) When the chip of the pressure sensor is exposed to light in structure, the output will change. Especially when applying pressure through transparent sleeve, please avoid the light touches the chip of the sensor.

5) Please avoid using methods such as ultrasonic wave to impose high-frequency vibration.

### 2.Attention

1) If the pressure range and installation method are wrong, accidents may occur, so please pay attention.

2) The only pressure medium that can be used directly is dry air. Other media, especially in corrosive gas (organic solvent gas, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, etc.) and media containing water and foreign matters will cause failure and damage when used, so please avoid the above environment use.

3) The pressure sensor chip is arranged inside the pressure inlet. Inserting foreign matters such as needles from the pressure inlet will cause chip damage and inlet blockage plug, so please absolutely avoid the above operation. In addition, avoid blocking the air inlet when using.

4) For the working pressure, please use it within the range of rated pressure. Damage may occur when used outside the scope.

5) Due to the damage caused by static electricity, please pay attention to the following items when using.

• During storage, please use conductive materials to short circuit terminals, or use aluminum foil to cover them as a whole. Because plastic containers are easily charged, therefore, do not use it during storage and transportation.

• When using, please ground the live objects on the table and the operators to make the surrounding static electricity discharge safely.

6) According to the pressure used, please pay full attention to the fixation and casing of the product, and the fixation and selection of the inlet pipe. In addition, if you have any questions, please contact us.